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Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

MONDAY, March 12, 1770.

Like a ſcurvy politician ſeem,
To ſee the things thou doſt not.
vide pa. 46. SHAKESPEARE.

A Writer, in the Boſton Chronicle, has not only been charged, in direct terms, but *proved*, by irreſiſtable demonſtration, guilty of *impertinence, abſurdity, ſophiſtry & falſehood*. That, all this has been done, with fair argument and good manners, the BOSTONIAN ought, with bluſhes, to concede. But ſhould that gentleman think ſuch a conceſſion too great a ſacrifice to truth and juſtice, it is then hoped, that his future publications, *tho' unanſwer'd*, will meet little attention, and leſs credit. For, ſurely, when a writer, after ſuch *charges* and ſuch *proofs*, continues to *vapour* and *froth*, in futile ſtrains and indeterminate expreſſions, devoid of reaſon or excuſe, he cannot rationally hope even the countenance of *a party*.

Such a *profound ignorance* of the laws and conſtitution of our government is diſplayed in the laſt production, ſigned A BOSTONIAN, that it is very difficult to refrain, from expreſſions of contempt; ſuch trifling evaſion and deſpicable argument are below ſerious confutation.

"To acknowledge *allegiance* to the *King*, and deny obedience to the *laws* of *Great-Britain*, the BOSTONIAN ſays would be prepoſterous." As well might he aſſert, that an acknowledgment of DUTY to a *natural* parent was incompatible with an abſolute denial of obedience to his *unnatural* demands. But the weakneſs of what is, here, called, "prepoſterous", muſt be peculiarly evident to thoſe, who are acquainted with the ſpirit of our laws: And if fame ſays true, our BOSTONIAN ought to be *much aſhamed* of his defects, in handling this ſubject.

I would chuſe to treat every publick writer with politeneſs, but when palpable lies are aſſerted, for truth, in the face of all mankind, it is difficult to abſtain from an appearance of incivility.——The BOSTONIAN is called upon to offer the *leaſt* ſhadow of evidence, that——"the Independant would convert *every* province or iſland, *however inſignificant* ſome of them may be, into *ſeperate* and *diſtinct* ſtates:"—

It would require little leſs than a ſpirit of divination to find out, what reaſon or propriety there was in the ſtated ſuppoſition, about "the people of Main". The BOSTONIAN ſurely expoſes himſelf to very juſt ridicule! Matters of greater importance, than viewing the defects and deformities of the BOSTONIAN, demand our inſtant attention. I therefore, cloſe with the very applicable ſentiments of an author, whoſe ſtrength and life were ſpent in the ſervice of his GOD and his country.

"Few words, well conſidered; few and eaſy things, now ſeaſonably done; will ſave us. But if the people be ſo affected, as to proſtitute religion and liberty, to the vain and groundleſs apprehenſion, that nothing, but a lucrative trade can make them happy; and if trade be grown ſo craving and importunate thro' the profuſion of men, that nothing can ſupport it, but the luxurious expences of the community upon trifles or ſuperfluities, ſo as if the people ſhould generally betake themſelves to frugality, it might prove a dangerous matter, leſt tradeſmen ſhould mutiny, for want of trading; and that, therefore, we muſt forego and ſet to ſale, religion, liberty, honour, ſafety, all concernment divine or human, to keep up trading; if, laſtly, after all this light among us, the ſame reaſon ſhall paſs for current to fix our necks under illegal impoſitions, as was made uſe of, by the Jews, to return back to Egypt, becauſe they fooliſhly imagined, that they would then live in more plenty and proſperity; our condition is not found but rotten, both in religion and all civil prudence; and we ſhall ſoon be brought to thoſe calamities, which attend always and unavoidably on luxury, that is to ſay, all national judgments under foreign and domeſtic ſlavery.

Thus, with hazard, I have ventured, what I thought my duty, to ſpeak in ſeaſon, and to forewarn my country in time. Many circumſtances and particulars I could have added; but a few *main matters*, now put ſpeedily into execution, will ſuffice to recover us from bondage, and ſet all right.—What I have ſaid, is the language of the GOOD OLD CAUSE: If it ſeem ſtrange to any, it will not ſeem more ſtrange I hope, than convincing to backſliders. Thus much I ſhould perhaps have ſaid, tho' ſure I ſhould have ſpoken, only, to trees and ſtones, and had none to cry to, but with the prophet; *O earth, earth, earth!* But, I truſt, I ſhall have ſpoken perſuaſion to abundance of ſenſible and ingenuous men: to ſome, perhaps, whom GOD may raiſe of theſe ſtones, to become children of liberty; and may enable and unite in noble reſolution to give a full ſtay to the ruinous proceedings of tyranny and rapine."

AN INDEPENDANT.

At a Meeting of the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of the Town of Roxbury, legally aſſembled, on Monday the 5th Day of March, 1770, the Inhabitants taking into Conſideration a Clauſe in the Warrant for calling ſaid Meeting, viz. And to know the Minds of the Town, Whether they will do any Thing to ſtrengthen the Hands of the Merchants in their Non-Importation Agreement:

VOTED,

THAT Capt. William Heath, Col. Joſeph Williams, Mr. Fleazer Weld, Capt. Joſeph Mayo, and Doctor Thomas Williams, be a Committee to take this Matter into Conſideration, and report to the Town what they ſhall think proper to be done thereon.

The Meeting was then adjourn'd to the 8th Inſtant, Two o'Clock Afternoon; at which Time the Inhabitants being again aſſembled, the Committee made the following Report, viz.

WHEREAS the Merchants and Traders of the Town of Boſton, and almoſt all the Maritime Towns on the Continent, from a Principle truly noble and generous, and to the ſacrificing of their own private Intereſts, have entred into an Agreement not to import Britiſh Goods (a few neceſſary Articles excepted) until the Act of Parliament impoſing certain Duties on Tea, Glaſs, Paper, Painters Colours, Oyl, &c. for the expreſs Purpoſe of raiſing a Revenue in America, be repealed; which Agreement, if ſtrictly adhered to, will not fail to produce the moſt ſalutary Effects. Therefore,

VOTED, That the Inhabitants of this Town do highly applaud the Conduct and Reſolution of ſaid Merchants and Traders: And we do take this Opportunity to expreſs our warmeſt Gratitude to ſaid Merchants, for the ſpirited Meaſures which they have taken. And we do hereby declare, that we will, to the utmoſt of our power, aid and aſſiſt ſaid Merchants, in every conſtitutional Way, to render ſaid Agreement effectual.

VOTED, That we do with the utmoſt Abhorrence and Deteſtation, view the little, mean and ſordid Conduct of a few Traders in this Province, who have and ſtill do import Britiſh Goods contrary to ſaid Agreement, and have thereby diſcovered that they are governed by a ſelfiſh Spirit, and are regardleſs of, and deaf to, the Miſeries and Calamities which threaten this people.

VOTED, That whereas *John Bernard, James McMaſters, Patrick McMaſters, John Mein, Nathaniel Rogers, William Jackſon, Theophilus Lillie, John Taylor*, and *Ame & Elizabeth Cummings*, all of Boſton; *Iſrael Williams* Eſq; & *Son* of Hatfield; & *Henry Barnes* of Marlboro', are of this Number; and do import contrary to ſaid Agreement: We do hereby declare, that we will not buy the leaſt Article of any of ſaid perſons ourſelves, or ſuffer any acting for or under us, to buy of them; neither will we buy of thoſe that ſhall buy or exchange any articles of Goods with them.

VOTED, That to the End the Generations which are yet unborn, may know who they were that laughed at the Diſtreſſes and Calamities of this people; and inſtead of ſtriving to ſave their Country when in imminent Danger, did ſtrive to render ineffectual a virtuous and commendable Plan; the Names of theſe Importers ſhall be annually read at March Meeting.

VOTED, That we will not make uſe of any Foreign Teas in our ſeveral Families, until the Revenue Acts are repealed (Caſe of Sickneſs excepted.)

VOTED, That a Committee of Inſpection be choſen, to make Enquiry from Time to Time, how far theſe Votes are complied with.

VOTED, That a Copy of theſe Votes be tranſmitted to the Committee of Inſpection in the Town of Boſton.

At a Meeting of the Inhabitants of the Town of Littleton, in the County of Middleſex, on Monday March 5th, 1770, a Committee was choſen to prepare certain Votes to be paſſed by the Town relating to the Importation of Britiſh Goods, who after retiring a ſhort Time into a private Room, returned, and reported the following, which was unanimouſly Voted.

THE grievous Impoſitions the Inhabitants of the Britiſh Colonies have long ſuffered from their Mother Country, ſtrongly claim their Attention to every legal Method for their Removal.

WE eſteem the Meaſure already propoſed, viz. the withdrawing our Trade from England, both œconomical and effectual.

WE do therefore Vote,

1. THAT we will not (knowingly) directly or indirectly, purchaſe any Goods which now are or hereafter may be imported contrary to the Agreement of the Merchants of the Town of Boſton.

2. That if any Inhabitant of the Town of Littleton, ſhall be known to purchaſe any one Article of any Importer of Goods contrary to the before-mentioned Agreement, or of any one who ſhall buy of any ſuch Importer, he ſhall ſuffer our high Diſpleaſure and Contempt.

3. That a Committee be choſen to inſpect the Conduct of all Buyers and Sellers of Goods in this Town, and report the Names of all (if any ſuch there ſhould be) who ſhall violate the true Spirit and Intention of the above-mentioned Votes and Reſolutions.

4. That we will not drink or purchaſe any foreign Tea, howſoever Imported, until a general Importation of Britiſh Goods ſhall take Place.

THE Inhabitants of the Town of *Acton*, at their annual Town Meeting on the firſt Monday of March, 1770, taking into Conſideration the diſtreſſed circumſtances, that this Province and all North-America are involv'd in, by reaſon of the acts of Parliament impoſing Duties and Taxes, upon the Inhabitants of North-America, for the ſole purpoſe to raiſe a Revenue, and when the Royal Ear ſeems to be ſtopt againſt all our humble Prayers, and Petitions, for redreſs of Grievances, that this Land is involv'd in, and conſidering the ſalutary Meaſures that the Body of Merchants and Traders in this Province have come into, in order for the redreſs of the many troubles that we are involv'd in, and to ſupport and maintain our Charter Rights, and Privileges, and to prevent our total Ruin and Deſtruction: Making all theſe things into ſerious Conſideration, came into the following Votes.

VOTED, That we will uſe our utmoſt Endeavours to encourage and ſupport the Body of Merchants and Traders, in their ſalutary Endeavours to retrieve this Province out of its preſent Diſtreſſes, to whom this Town vote their Thanks for the conſtitutional and ſpirited Meaſures purſued by them for the good of this Province.

Voted, That from this Time, we will have no commercial, or ſocial connection with thoſe, who at this Time do refuſe to contribute to the relief of this abuſed Country, eſpecially, thoſe that import Britiſh Goods, contrary to the Agreement of the Body of Merchants in Boſton, or elſewhere, that we will not afford them our Cuſtom, but treat them with the utmoſt Neglect, and all thoſe who countenance them.

VOTED, That we will uſe our utmoſt Endeavours, to prevent the Conſumption of all foreign Superfluities, and that we will uſe our utmoſt Endeavors, to promote and encourage our own Manufactures.

VOTED, That the Town Clerk tranſmit a Copy of theſe Votes of the Town, to the Committee of Merchants of Inſpection at Boſton.

A true Copy Atteſted,

FRANCIS FAULKNER, *Town Clerk.*

Turn to y^e Index to Vol. 2. to Find Agreement. vid. the Act. pa. 735. Vol. 1. —— See Sheet Names pa. 49. & See Meſſrs Act pa. 9 — Vol. 2 —— Tea Act pa. 735. Vol. 1. & To Find petitions &c Turn to Vol. 2. Index & See Charter pa. 1077. Vol. 2.

See Landing of Troops pa. 263. Vol. 2. Void Molasses Act pa. 9. Vol. 2— Sea Act pa. 735. Vol. 1. —See 4 Act appointing 4 Board of 4 Commissrs pa. 748. Vol. 1. —pa 253. Vol. 2. & who died soon after, vid pa. 65.

BOSTON, March 12.

THE Town of Boston affords a recent and melancholy Demonstration of the destructive Consequences of quartering Troops among Citizens in a Time of Peace, under a Pretence of supporting the Laws and aiding Civil Authority; every considerate and unprejudic'd Person among us was deeply impress't with the Apprehension of these Consequences when it was known that a Number of Regiments were ordered to this Town under such a Pretext, but in Reality to inforce oppressive Measures; to awe & controul the legislative as well as executive Power of the Province, and to quell a Spirit of Liberty, which however it may have been basely oppos'd and even ridicul'd by some, would do Honor to any Age or Country. A few Persons amongst us had determin'd to use all their Influence to procure so destructive a Measure with a View to their securely enjoying the Profits of an American Revenue, and unhappily both for Britain and this Country they found Means to effect it.

It is to Governor Bernard, the Commissioners, their Confidents and Coadjutors, that we are indebted as the procuring Cause of a military Power in this Capital—The Boston Journal of Occurrences, as printed in Mr. Holt's York Gazette, from Time to Time, afforded many striking Instances of the Distresses brought upon the Inhabitants by this Measure; and since those Journals have been discontinued, our Troubles from that Quarter have been growing upon us: We have known a Party of Soldiers in the face of Day fire off a loaden Musket upon the Inhabitants, others have been prick'd with Bayonets, and even our Magistrates assaulted and put in Danger of their Lives, when Offenders brought before them have been rescued; and why those and other bold and base Criminals have as yet escaped the Punishment due to their Crimes, may be soon Matter of Enquiry by the Representative Body of this People——It is natural to suppose that when the Inhabitants of this Town saw those Laws which had been enacted for their Security, and which they were ambitious of holding up to the Soldiery, eluded, they should more commonly resent for themselves—and accordingly it has so happened; many have been the Squabbles between them and the Soldiery; but it seems their being often worsted by our Youth in those Rencounters, has only serv'd to irritate the former—What passed at Mr. Gray's Rope-walk, has already been given the Public, & may be said to have led the Way to the late Catastrophe—That the Rope-walk Lads when attacked by superior Numbers should defend themselves with so much Spirit and Success in the Club-way, was too mortifying, and perhaps it may hereafter appear, that even some of their Officers were *unhappily* affected with this Circumstance: Divers Stories were propagated among the Soldiery, that serv'd to agitate their Spirits; particularly on the Sabbath, that one Chambers, a Sergeant, represented as a sober Man, had been missing the preceeding Day, and must therefore have been murdered by the Townsmen; an Officer of Distinction so far credited this Report, that he enter'd Mr. Gray's Rope-walk that Sabbath; and when required of by that Gentleman as soon as he could meet him, the Occasion of his so doing, the Officer reply'd, that it was to look if the Serjeant said to be murdered had not been hid there; this sober Serjeant was found on the Monday unhurt, in a House of Pleasure—The Evidences already collected shew, that many Threatnings had been thrown out by the Soldiery, but we do not pretend to say that there was any preconcerted Plan, when the Evidences are published, the World will judge—We may however venture to declare, that it appears too probable from their Conduct, that some of the Soldiery aimed to draw and provoke the Townsmen into Squabbles, and that they then intended to make Use of other Weapons than Canes, Clubs or Bludgeons.

Our Readers will doubtless expect a circumstantial Account of the tragical Affair on Monday Night last; but we hope they will excuse our being so particular as we should have been, had we not seen that the Town was intending an Enquiry & full Representation thereof.

On the Evening of Monday, being the 5th Current, several Soldiers of the 29th Regiment were seen parading the Streets with their drawn Cutlasses and Bayonets, abusing and wounding Numbers of the Inhabitants.

A few minutes after nine o'clock, four youths, named Edward Archbald, William Merchant, Francis Archbald, and John Leech, jun. came down Cornhill together, and seperating at Doctor Loring's corner, the two former were passing the narrow alley leading to Murray's barrack, in which was a soldier brandishing a broad sword of an uncommon size against the walls, out of which he struck fire plentifully. A person of a mean countenance armed with a large cudgel bore him company. Edward Archbald admonished Mr. Merchant to take care of the sword, on which the soldier turned round and struck Archbald on the arm, then pushed at Merchant and pierced thro' his cloaths inside the arm close to the arm-pit and grazed the skin. Merchant then struck the soldier with a short stick he had, & the other Person ran to the barrack & bro't with him two soldiers, one armed with a pair of tongs the other with a shovel: he with the tongs pursued Archbald back thro' the alley, collar'd and laid him over the head with the tongs. The noise bro't people together, and John Hicks, a young lad, coming up, knock'd the soldier down, but let him get up again; and more lads gathering, drove them back to the barrack, where the boys stood some time as it were to keep them in. In less than a minute 10 or 12 of them came out with drawn cutlasses, clubs and bayonets, and set upon the unarmed boys and young folks, who stood them a little while, but finding the inequality of their equipment dispersed.—On hearing the noise, one Samuel Atwood, came up to see what was the matter, and entering the alley from dock-square, heard the latter part of the combat, and when the boys had dispersed he met the 10 or 12 soldiers aforesaid rushing down the alley towards the square, and asked them if they intended to murder people? They answered Yes, by G—d, root and branch! With that one of them struck Mr. Atwood with a club, which was repeated by another, and being unarmed he turned to go off, and received a wound on the left shoulder which reached the bone and gave him much pain. Retreating a few steps, Mr. Atwood met two officers and said, Gentlemen, what is the matter? They answered, you'll see by and by. Immediately after, those heroes appeared in the square, asking where were the boogers? where were the cowards? But notwithstanding their fierceness to naked men, one of them advanced towards a youth who had a split of a raw stave in his hand, and said damn them here is one of them; but the young man seeing a person near him with a drawn sword and good cane ready to support him, held up his stave in defiance, and they quietly passed by him up the little alley by Mr. Silsby's to Kingstreet, where they attacked single and unarmed persons till they raised much clamor, and then turned down Cornhill street, insulting all they met in like manner, and pursuing some to their very doors. Thirty or forty persons, mostly lads, being by this means gathered in Kingstreet, Capt. Preston, with a party of men with charged bayonets, came from the main guard to the Commissioners house, the soldiers pushing their bayonets, crying, Make way! They took place by the custom-house, and continuing to push to drive the people off, pricked some in several places; on which they were clamorous, and, it is said, threw snow-balls. On this, the Captain commanded them to fire, and more snow-balls coming, he again said, Damn you, Fire, be the consequence what it will! One soldier then fired, and a townsman with a cudgel struck him over the hands with such force that he dropt his firelock; and rushing forward aimed a blow at the Captain's head, which graz'd his hat and fell pretty heavy upon his arm: However, the soldiers continued the fire, successively, till 7 or 8, or as some say 11 guns were discharged. (1)

By this fatal manœuvre, three men were laid dead on the spot, and two more struggling for life; but what shewed a degree of cruelty unknown to British troops, at least since the house of Hanover has directed their operations, was an attempt to fire upon or push with their bayonets the persons who undertook to remove the slain and wounded!

Mr. Benjamin Leigh, now undertaker in the Delph Manufactory, came up, and after some conversation with Capt. Preston, relative to his conduct in this affair, advised him to draw off his men, with which he complied.

The dead are Mr. Samuel Gray, killed on the spot, the ball entering his head and beating off a large portion of his skull.

A mulatto man, named Crispus Attucks, who was born in Framingham, but lately belonged to New-Providence and was here in order to go for North-Carolina, also killed instantly; two balls entering his breast, one of them in special goring the right lobe of the lungs, and a great part of the liver most horribly.

Mr. James Caldwell, mate of Capt. Morton's vessel, in like manner killed by two balls entering his back.

Mr. Samuel Maverick, a promising youth of 17 years of age, son of the widow Maverick, and an apprentice to Mr. Greenwood, Ivory-Turner, mortally wounded, a ball went through his belly, & was cut out at his back: He died the next morning.

A lad named Christopher Monk, about 17 years of age, an apprentice to Mr. Walker, Shipwright; wounded, a ball entered his back about 4 inches above the left kidney, near the spine, and was cut out of the breast on the same side; apprehended he will die.

A lad named John Clark, about 17 years of age, whose parents live at Medford, and an apprentice to Capt. Samuel Howard of this town; wounded, a ball entered just above his groin and came out at his hip, on the opposite side, apprehended he will die.

Mr. Edward Payne, of this town, Merchant, standing at his entry-door, received a ball in his arm, which shattered some of the bones.

Mr. John Green, Taylor, coming up Leverett's Lane, received a ball just under his hip, and lodged in the under part of his thigh, which was extracted

Mr. Robert Patterson, a seafaring man, who was the person that had his trowsers shot through in Richardson's affair, wounded; a ball went through his right arm, and he suffered great loss of blood.

Mr. Patrick Carr, about 30 years of age, who work'd with Mr. Field, Leather-Breeches-maker in Queen-street, wounded, a ball enter'd near his hip and went out at his side.

A lad named David Parker, an apprentice to Mr. Eddy the Wheelwright, wounded, a ball entered in his thigh.

The People were immediateiy alarmed with the Report of this horrid Massacre, the Bells were set a Ringing, and great Numbers soon assembled at the Place where this tragical Scene had been acted; their Feelings may be better conceived than expres'd; and while some were taking Care of the Dead and Wounded, the Rest were in Consultation what to do in those dreadful Circumstances.—But so little intimidated were they, notwithstanding their being within a few Yards of the Main-Guard, and seeing the 29th Regiment under Arms, and drawn up in King-Street; that they kept their Station and appear'd as an Officer of Rank expres's'd it, ready to run upon the very Muzzles of their Muskets.—The Lieut. Governor soon came into the Town-House, and there met some of his Majesty's Council, and a Number of Civil Magistrates; a considerable Body of the People immediately entered the Council Chamber, and expressed themselves to his Honor with a Freedom and Warmth becoming the occasion. He used his utmost Endeavours to pacify them, requesting that they would let the Matter subside for the Night, and promising to do all in his Power that Justice should be done, and the Law have its Course; Men of Influence and Weight with the People were not wanting on their part to procure their Compliance with his Honor's Request, by representing the horrible Consequences of a promiscuous and rash Engagement in the Night, and assuring them that such Measures should be entered upon in the Morning, as would be agreeable to their Dignity, and a more likely way of obtaining the best Satisfaction for the Blood of their Fellow-Townsmen.—The Inhabitants attended to these Suggestions, and the Regiment under Arms being ordered to their Barracks, which was insisted upon by the People, they then separated & returned to their Dwellings by One o'Clock. At 3 o'Clock Capt. Preston was committed, as were the Soldiers who fir'd, a few Hours after him. ◊

Tuesday Morning presented a most shocking Scene, the Blood of our Fellow Citizens running like Water thro' King-Street, and the Merchants Exchange the principal Spot of the Military Parade for about 18 Months past. Our Blood might also be track'd up to the Head of Long-Lane, and through divers other Streets and Passages.

At eleven o'clock the inhabitants met at Faneuil-Hall, and after some animated speeches becoming the occasion, they chose a Committee of 15 respectable Gentlemen to wait upon the Lieut. Governor in Council, to request of him to issue his Orders for the immediate removal of the troops.

The Message was in these Words:

THAT it is the unanimous opinion of this meeting that the inhabitants and soldiery can no longer live together in safety; that nothing can rationally be expected to restore the peace of the town & prevent further blood & carnage, but the immediate removal of the Troops; and that we therefore most fervently pray his Honor that his power and influence may be exerted for their instant removal.

His Honor's Reply, which was laid before the Town then Adjourn'd to the Old South Meeting-House, was as follows,

Gentlemen,

I AM extremely sorry for the unhappy differences between the inhabitants and troops, and especially for the action of the last evening, and I have exerted myself upon that occasion that a due enquiry may be made, and that the law may have its course. I have in council consulted with the commanding officers of the two regiments who are in the town. They have their orders from the General at New-York. It is not in my power to countermand those orders. The Council have desired that the two regiments may be removed to the Castle. From the particular concern which the 29th regiment has had in your differences, Col. Dalrymple who is the commanding officer of the troops has signified that that regiment shall without delay be placed in the barracks at the Castle until he can send to the General and receive his further orders concerning both the regiments, and that the main guard shall be removed, and the 14th regiment so disposed and laid under such restraint that all occasion of future disturbances may be prevented.

The foregoing Reply having been read and fully considered—the question was put, Whether the Report be satisfactory? Passed in the Negative, (only 1 dissentient.) out of upwards of 4000 Voters.

It was then moved and voted John Hancock, Esq; Mr. Samuel Adams, Mr. William Molineux, William Phillips, Esq; Dr. Joseph Warren, Joshua Henshaw, Esq; and Samuel Pemberton, Esq; be a Committee to wait on his Honour the Lieut. Governor, and inform him, that it is the unanimous Opinion of this Meeting, that the Reply made to a Vote of the Inhabitants presented his Honor in the Morning, is by no Means satisfactory; and that nothing less will satisfy, than a total and immediate removal of all the Troops.

The Committee having waited upon the Lieut. Governor agreeable to the foregoing Vote; laid before the Inhabitants the following Vote of Council received from his Honor.

His Honor the Lieut. Governor laid before the Board a Vote of the Town of Boston, passed this Afternoon, and then addressed the Board as follows,

Gentlemen of the Council,

"I lay before you a Vote of the Town of Boston, which I have just now received from them, and I now ask your Advice what you judge necessary to be done upon it."

The Council thereupon expressed themselves to be *unanimously* of opinion, "that it was absolutely necessary for his Majesty's service, the good order of the Town, and the Peace of the Province, that the Troops should be immediately removed out of the Town of Boston, and thereupon advised his Honor to communicate this Advice of the Council to Col. Dalrymple, and to pray that he would order the Troops down to Castle-William." The Committee also informed the Town, that Col. Dalrymple, having seen the Vote of Council, said to the Committee, "That he now gave his word of Honor that he would begin his Preparations in the Morning, and that there should be no unnecessary delay until the whole of the two Regiments were removed to the Castle."

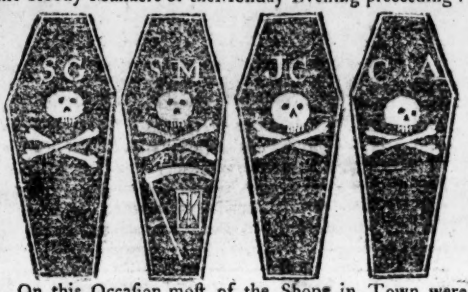
Upon the above Report being read, the Inhabitants could not avoid expressing the high Satisfaction it afforded them.

After Measures were taken for the Security of the Town in the Night by a strong Military Watch, the Meeting was Dissolved.

(1) Vid Verdict on the Trial of Capt. Preston pa. 325 & Trial of the Soldiers pa 785 ◊ Vide Page 323 Vol. 2. ◊ vide the whole affair in the ~~Boston~~ Narrative page 669, &c

The 29th Regiment have already left us, and the 14th Regiment are following them, ſo that we expect the Town will ſoon be clear of all the Troops. The Wiſdom and true Policy of his Majeſty's Council and Col. Dalrymple the Commander appear in this Meaſure. Two Regiments in the midſt of this populous City; and the Inhabitants juſtly incenſed: Thoſe of the neighbouring Towns actually under Arms upon the firſt Report of the Maſſacre, and the Signal only wanting to bring in a few Hours to the Gates of this City many Thouſands of our brave Brethren in the Country, deeply affected with our Diſtreſſes, and to whom we are greatly obliged on this Occaſion—No one knows where this would have ended, and what important Conſequences even to the whole Britiſh Empire might have followed, which our Moderation & Loyalty upon ſo trying an Occaſion, and our Faith in the Commander's Aſſurances have happily prevented.

Laſt Thurſday, agreeable to a general Requeſt of the Inhabitants, and by the Conſent of Parents and Friends, were carried to their *Grave* in Succeſſion, the Bodies of *Samuel Gray*, *Samuel Maverick*, *James Caldwell*, and *Criſpus Attucks*, the unhappy Victims who fell in the bloody Maſſacre of the Monday Evening preceeding!



On this Occaſion moſt of the Shops in Town were ſhut, all the Bells were ordered to toll a ſolemn Peal, as were alſo thoſe in the neighboring Towns of Charleſtown Roxbury, &c. The Proceſſion began to move between the Hours of 4 and 5 in the Afternoon; two of the unfortunate Sufferers, viz. Meſſ. *James Caldwell* and *Criſpus Attucks*, who were Strangers, borne from Faneuil-Hall, attended by a numerous Train of Perſons of all Ranks; and the other two, viz. Mr. *Samuel Gray*, from the Houſe of Mr. Benjamin Gray, (his Brother) on the North-ſide the Exchange, and Mr. *Maverick*, from the Houſe of his diſtreſſed Mother Mrs. *Mary Maverick*, in Union-Street, each followed by their reſpective Relations and Friends: The ſeveral Hearſes forming a Junction in King-Street, the Theatre of that inhuman Tragedy! proceeded from thence thro' the Main-Street, lengthened by an immenſe Concourſe of People, ſo numerous as to be obliged to follow in Ranks of ſix, and brought up by a long Train of Carriages belonging to the principal Gentry of the Town. The Bodies were depoſited in one Vault in the middle Burying-ground: The aggravated Circumſtances of their Death, the Diſtreſs and Sorrow viſible in every Countenance, together with the peculiar Solemnity with which the whole Funeral was conducted, ſurpaſs Deſcription.

A military watch has been kept every night at the town-houſe and priſon, in which many of the moſt reſpectable gentlemen of the town have appeared as the common ſoldier, and night after night have given their attendance. (2)

A Servant Boy of one Manwaring the Tide-waiter from Quebec is now in Goal, having depoſed that himſelf, by the Order and Encouragement of his Superiors had diſcharged a Muſket ſeveral Times from one of the Windows of the Houſe in King-Street, hired by the Commiſſioners and Cuſtom Houſe Officers to do their Buſineſs in; more than one other Perſon ſwore upon Oath, that they apprehended ſeveral Diſcharges came from that Quarter.—It is not improbable that we may ſoon be able to account for the Aſſaſſination of Mr. Otis ſome Time paſt; the Meſſage by Wilmot, who came from the ſame Houſe to the infamous Richardſon before his firing the Gun which kill'd young Snider, and to open up ſuch a Scene of Villainy acted by a dirty Banditti, as muſt aſtoniſh the Public.

It is ſuppoſed that there muſt have been a greater Number of People from Town and Country at the Funeral of thoſe who were maſſacred by the Soldiers, than were ever together on this Continent on any Occaſion.

A more dreadful Tragedy has been acted by the Soldiery in King-Street, Boſton, New-England, than was ſometime ſince exhibited in St. George's Field, London, in Old England, which may ſerve inſtead of Beacons for both Counties.

Had thoſe worthy Patriots, not only repreſented by Bernard and the Commiſſioners as a Faction, but as aiming at making a Separation between Britain and the Colonies, had any Thing elſe in Contemplation than the Preſervation of our Rights, and bringing Things back to their old Foundation—What an Opening has been given them?

Among other Matters in the Warrant for the annual Town-Meeting this Day, is the following Clauſe, viz. "Whether the Town will take any Meaſures that a public Monument may be erected on the Spot where the late tragical Scene was acted, as a Memento to Poſterity, of that horrid Maſſacre, (1) and the deſtructive Conſequences of Military Troops being quartered in a well regulated City."

The Tranſactions of the Town Meetings in Waltham, Dedham, Bridgwater, &c. compos'd for this Days Paper, we are oblig'd to poſtpone for want of Room.

BOSTON-GOAL, Monday, 12th March 1770.

Meſſieurs EDES & GILL,

PERMIT me thro' the Channel of your Paper, to return my Thanks in the moſt publick Manner to the Inhabitants in general of this Town—who throwing aſide all Party *and Prejudice, have with the utmoſt Humanity and Freedom ſtept forth Advocates for Truth, in Defence of my injured Innocence, in the late unhappy Affair that happened on Monday Night laſt: (1) And to aſſure them, that I ſhall ever have the higheſt Senſe of the* Juſtice *they have done me, which will be ever gratefully remembered, by*

Their much obliged and moſt obedient humble Servant,

THOMAS PRESTON.

On Thurſday laſt a Committee from the Town of Roxbury waited upon his Honor the Lieut. Governor with the following PETITION, viz.

To his Honor THOMAS HUTCHINSON, *Eſq; Lieutenant Governor and Commander in Chief in and over the Province of Maſſachuſetts-Bay.*

THE Inhabitants of Roxbury in Town-Meeting lawfully aſſembled, beg leave humbly to repreſent to your Honor, that they have often heard, and many of them ſeen, with pity and concern, the very great inconveniencies and ſufferings of our fellow-ſubjects and countrymen, the inhabitants of the Town of Boſton, occaſioned by ſeveral regiments of the King's troops being quartered in the body of that town for many months paſt: in a peculiar manner we deſire to expreſs our aſtoniſhment, grief and indignation, at the horrid and barbarous action committed there laſt Monday Evening, by a party of thoſe troops, by firing with ſmall arms, in the moſt wanton, cruel and cowardly manner, upon a number of unarmed inhabitants of ſaid town, whereby four of his Majeſty's liege ſubjects have loſt their lives, two others are ſuppoſed to be mortally wounded, and ſeveral beſides badly wounded and ſuffering great pain and diſtreſs; and the town ſtill alarmed and threatned with further and greater miſchief: We therefore truly ſympathizing with our diſtreſſed brethren the inhabitants of ſaid town of Boſton, heartily unite with them, in praying your Honor would exert your authority to remove all the troops out of that town immediately; for we cannot, after what has happened, think it can poſſibly conſiſt with the peace, order and ſafety of the inhabitants of that or any other town within this province, or his Majeſty's real ſervice, to have thoſe troops, or any other, quartered among them. And your Petitioners as in duty bound, &c.

Roxbury, March 8, 1770. Unanimouſly Voted, That *Joſeph Williams*, Eſq; Mr. *Eleazer Weld*, Mr. *John Williams*, jun. Mr. *John Child*, Mr. *Nathaniel Ruggles*, Capt. *William Heath*, and Major *William Thompſon*, be a Committee to wait upon his Honor forthwith, in behalf of this Town, with the above Petition.

Atteſt. SAMUEL GRIDLEY, Town-Clerk.

To the above PETITION his Honor returned the following Anſwer.

Gentlemen,

I Have no Authority to order the King's Troops from any Place where they are poſted by his Majeſty's Order, or the Order of the Commander in Chief of his Forces here: Every thing that is in my Power to do, with reſpect to any alteration of the Place of Quartering thoſe Troops, has already been done by me in Purſuance of the unanimous Advice of His Majeſty's Council. (1) T. HUTCHINSON.

To the Inhabitants of the Town of Roxbury.

Boſton, the 8th of March, 1770.

Laſt Monday Evening died at his Seat in *Chelſea*, and on the Friday following was very decently inter'd in this Town, the Honorable SAMUEL WATTS, Eſq; formerly one of his Majeſty's Council for this Province, and for many Years paſt one of the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas for this County: The Duties of both which Offices he diſcharg'd to general Acceptance, with Firmneſs and Integrity. And as he liv'd, ſo he died, a lover of all Mankind, a Friend to his Country, and a truly honeſt Man.

The 1ſt Inſtant died at Newbury, aged 61, MICHAEL DALTON, Eſq; a principal Merchant in that Town.

A Gentleman in Carolina, in a Letter to his Friend in Boſton, in Anſwer to one inclоſing the laſt Budget of Letters from Governor Bernard, &c. has the following Paſſage.

"We have no Proceſſions, no Noiſe, but I hope every Thing is operating here, as well as in every other Part of the Continent, to bring about the Events ſo generally wiſhed for; I pray God to haſten them. Bernard and his Aſſociates will want an H—ll as much hotter for them, than for common ſinners, as Nebuchadnezar's fiery Furnace was, and *two* eternities Continuance there."—

Thurſday the 5th of April next, is appointed by Authority, to be obſerv'd a Day of public Faſting and Prayer thro'out this Province.

We hear from Rutland, That at their annual Meeting on Monday laſt, John Murray, Eſq; was excluded every Office in that Town, Surveyor of the High Ways excepted.

The WATCHMAN, No. II. is come to Hand, and will have a Place in our next.

NEW-YORK, March 1.

The 16th Regiment now here are ordered to be get ready to embark for Penſacola; and we hear they are to be replaced by the 14th Regiment now in Boſton.

Some People obſerve, that a late American State priſoner was ſent to Goal chiefly by a French Intereſt, and thence conclude that there is no proſpect of a ſpeedy Rupture with France.

THE Eſtate of Peter Bourn, *late of Boſton, Mariner, deceas'd, being repreſented Inſolvent, and ſix Months allowed the Creditors to bring in their Claims and prove their Debts—The Commiſſioners appointed by the honorable Foſter Hutchinſon, Eſq; Judge of Probates for the County of Suffolk, to receive and examine ſaid Claims——GIVE NOTICE, That they ſhall attend that Service at the Sign of the Ferry-Boat, near Charleſtown-Ferry, Boſton, from the Hours of 5 to 8 o'Clock, on the laſt Thurſday of this and the five following Months.* Boſton, March 2, 1770.

TO BE SOLD BY

John Baker,

At his Store in Back-Street,

A few Bags of the beſt Cocoa,

alſo choice Chocolate by the Hundred or ſmaller Quantity.

Drifted from Point Shirley, about a Fortnight ago, a MOSES built BOAT. Whoever will bring her to ſaid Baker, ſhall be ſatisfied for their Trouble.

Brimſtone in Boxes, Cod Lines and Twine by the Caſk or Dozen, to be Sold very cheap at the Store No. 9. on the Long Wharff.

For *NEW-YORK.*

THE Sloop SPEEDWELL, *Paſchal Nelſon Smith*, Maſter, now lying at the Long Wharff, will ſail the Beginning of next Week. Freighters and Paſſengers may apply to ſaid Maſter on board, or to *Henry Lloyd*, Eſq; at Warehouſe No. 5, on Long-Wharff.

Boſton, March 12, 1770.

WHEREAS ſome evil minded Perſon or Perſons has falſly reported of me the Subſcriber, That I did on Saturday the 3d Inſtant, make at my Shop a Number of Clubs for the Uſe of the Soldiers; which Report tends much to my Diſadvantage.—I do therefore hereby declare, that I never did either make or cauſe to be made, by myſelf, or any other Perſon, any Club or Clubs, or any Sort of Weapon, for any of the Soldiery; and if any ſuch Thing was done at my Shop, it was intirely without my Knowledge. To the Truth of which, I am ready to atteſt on Oath.

As witneſs my Hand, ADAM AIR.

Imported from LONDON in Captain Cazneau, By Conſent of the Committee of Merchants, And to be Sold by

Elizabeth Clark & Nowell,

At their Shop ſix Doors to the Southward of the Mill-Bridge, BOSTON.

All ſorts of GARDEN SEEDS.

IMPORTED in Capt. CAZNEAU from LONDON,

By Elizabeth Greenleaf,

And to be Sold at her Shop at the End of Union-Street, over-againſt the BLUE-BALL,

All ſorts of GARDEN SEEDS.

Imported in Capt. Cazneau from London, & to be Sold by

Bethiah Oliver,

At her Shop oppoſite the Rev. Dr. Sewall's Meeting-Houſe, BOSTON.

All ſorts of GARDEN SEEDS.

A Young Woman with a good Breaſt of Milk, that can be well recommended, would go into a Gentleman's Family to ſuckle: Enquire of Edes & Gill.

A FARM in Worceſter,

To be Sold by Publick Vendue, on the Fourth Day of April next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, containing about 170 Acres, with a good Houſe and Barn thereon, a good Orchard, intermixed with choice Mowing, Ploughing and Paſturing, with a good Wood-Lot adjoining.—Said Farm is about Two Miles Weſt from the Meeting-Houſe, on the great Road; it being the Eſtate of Joſiah Brewer, Eſq; late of Worceſter, deceas'd. For further Particulars, inquire of John Brewer, Adminiſtrator, living on the Premiſſes.

TO BE SOLD

On THURSDAY next.

By Benjamin Church,

At his uſual Place of Sale;

A great Variety of valuable Articles, viz.

BRoad Cloths, Foreſt Cloths, Kerſeys, Ratteens, Cambletts, Tammies, Iriſh Holland, Checks, Bed Ticken, Callicoes, Stampt Cotton Linnen, Kenting, Linnen and Barcelona Handkerchiefs, Mens and Womens Hoſe, Breeches Patterns, &c. Some Houſe Furniture, Wearing Apparel, Silver Watches, &c. &c.

N. B. A neat Mehogany Caſe of Draws, Cheſt upon Cheſt, Mehogany Leather Bottom Chairs, &c.

ON TUESDAY NEXT,

Will be Sold by public Vendue, at the New Auction Room at the Foot of Royal-Exchange Lane, Over Mr. THOMAS WALLEY's Store,

A Variety of Goods,——Among which are,

Manchester Checks, ſtriped Hollands, Bedticks, 7 8 and 4 yard-wide Iriſh Linnens of different Qualities, 6-4 and 7-8 figured, ſtriped and plain Lawns, Barcelona and check Handkerchiefs, printed Cottons, Broad Cloths, Foreſt Cloths and other Woolens, worſted Hoſe, Caps, Caſtor and Felt Hats, black Breeches Patters, crimſon Pluſh Cambletteens, black and green India Taffety, Metal Buttons, Sleeve Buttons, Necklaces, Snuff Boxes, Sciſſors, Knives, Forks, 1000 Silver Watches, Wearing Apparel, Feather Beds, Blankets, Rugs, Bedſteads, one Walnut Deſk, &c.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *BOSTON.*

ENTERED IN. *from*

Brig John, Gray from Maryland. Sloop Charity, Hawley from New-Haven. Sloop Hope, Bacon from S. Carolina. Schooner Dolphin, Hastings; Schooner Friendſhip, Silveſter and Sloop Lydia, Coffin from N. Carolina. Sloop Betſey, Downs from Cape-Nichola and St. Euſtatia. Schooner Sea-flower, Odell; and Sloop John & Abiel, Wells from St. Euſtatia. Brig Greyhound, Doten from Jamaica and Turks-Iſland. Brig Abigail, Hale Ives from St. Euſtatia and St. Martins. Brig Sukey, Colman from Alicant. Sloop Mermaid, Roſs from Surranam and St. Euſtatia.

Buried in the Town of Boſton ſince our laſt,

Eight Whites. No Black.

Baptiz'd in the ſeveral Churches, Seven.

High Water at Boſton, *for this preſent Week.*

Monday, 3 *m. after* 12		*Friday*, 12 *m. after* 3
Tueſday, 51 *m. after* 12		*Saturday*, 59 *m. aft.* 3
Wedneſday, 38 *m. aft.* 1		*Lord's-day*, 40 *m. aft* 4
Thurſday, 24 *m. aft.* 2		*Full M.* 11 *Day*, 11 *M.*

(1) page 60. vid page 68

vid Act appointing Commiſſioners, & their Commiſſion pa. 748. Vol. 1—pa. 253 Vol. 2. vid pa. 658. Vol. 2. page. 50. vid. pa. 176 Vol. 2. vid. pa. 422 & vid arrival of Troops &c pa. 263 Vol.

JUST PUBLISHED,
And Sold by EDES & GILL in Queen-Street; and,
T. & J. FLEET in Cornhill,
[*Price 9d. single, and at half a Pistereen per Dozen.*]

EDES & GILL's
North-American ALMANACK,
AND
Massachusetts REGISTER,
For the Year 1770.

Being the Second after BISSEXTILE or LEAP-YEAR.
Calculated for the Meridian of BOSTON,
Latt. 42 Deg. 25 Min. North.

CONTAINING,

A Prospective View of the Town of Boston the Capital of New-England; and of the Landing of Troops in the Year 1768, in Consequence of Letters from Gov. Bernard, the Commissioners, &c. to the British Ministry—Eclipses—Extract from the Life of Publius Clodius Britano Americanus, continued—A List of the Importers and Resolves of the Merchants &c. of Boston—A Table in Sterling, Halifax, Massachusetts L. M. & O. T. Virginia, Pennsylvania, and New-York Currencies—Courts in Massachusetts-Bay, New-Hampshire, Connecticut and Rhode-Island—Judgment of the Weather, Suns and Moon's Rising and Setting, Time of High Water, Feasts and Fasts of the Church of England, &c.—A List of the Hon. His Majesty's Council, and the Honorable House of Representatives—Judges of the Superior and Inferior Courts, Judges of Probate, Registers of Deeds, High Sheriffs and their Deputies—Officers of the Admiralty and Custom-House—Notaries Public—Post-Office—Justices of the Peace thro'out the Province, and for each County—Barristers at Law—President, Overseers, &c. of Harvard College—Ministers, Churches and Religious Assemblies thro' the Province—Officers of the 14th & 29th Regiments in Boston—Officers of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company, with the Names of the Captains of said Company, from its Incorporation—Officers of the Troop of Horse Guards—Officers of the Boston Regiment—Field Officers of the several Regiments through the Province—Officers of Castle William, and the Batteries in Boston—Coroners—Officers of the Town of Boston.—Fire-Engine Men—List of Commissioners and other Officers of the Revenue, WITH THEIR SALARIES!—Liberty Song—Parody Parodiz'd—A New Song, to the Tune of the British Grenadier, by a SON OF LIBERTY.—Public Roads, with the best Stages or Houses to put up at—Quakers Yearly Meetings in New-England—Difference of the Time of High Water at several Places on the Continent, &c.

To be SOLD, or LETT, on reasonable Terms,

A Large genteel Dwelling-House, accommodated with a Wood and Chaise-House, a good Well of Water, which for Washing is equal to Rain Water, and about eleven Acres of Land, with a young Orchard thereon; situated in Dorchester, about 5 Miles from Boston Town House, and not far from the great Road leading to Plymouth, and about a Mile from the Meeting-House. For further Particulars, inquire of Samuel Mellish, living on said Premisses. Also another Dwelling-House pleasantly situated in Dorchester aforesaid, about a Quarter of a Mile from the Meeting-House, and near Dorchester Wharff, accommodated with about a Quarter of an Acre of Land, a good Garden Spot, and several pleasant Fruit-Trees. For further Particulars, inquire of Jonathan Bradley, living on said Premisses.

LOST on Saturday the 30 of this Instant *March* between Five and Ten of the Clock in the Morning, Five Johannes or Josephus's, or both, loose out of my Pocket, between my Dwelling-House in *Abington*, and the Widow *Susanna Richardson*'s in *Roxbury*: Whoever shall take up said Pieces of Money, and will give Information to the Printers hereof, or to the Subscriber, shall have Ten Dollars Reward, or Two Dollars for each Piece, paid by me the Subscriber,

Abington, March 5, 1770. ZENAS SMITH.

CASH given for SALTS, by

Ignatius Goulding at *Holden*, or by *Samuel* and *Stephen Salisbury*, at their Store in *Worcester*: Where may be had a good Assortment of Hard-Ware Goods, imported before the Agreement of Non-Importation took Place;—ALSO, a very good Assortment of West India Goods, very cheap for Cash.

TO be Sold at public Vendue on the Twentieth Day of March next, a FARM belonging to JOHN EATON, now in the Occupation of Jonathan Perrin, situated in Killingly, on Quinebouge River, by Eaton's Mill, and contains about 200 Acres of Land, with a good House, Barn and Orchard, and is well watered and accommodated for Mowing, Ploughing and Pasturing.—The Sale to begin at Twelve of the Clock, at the House on the Premisses. For further Particulars, inquire of the Subscriber at the Mills near the Premisses, who will dispose of said Farm any Time before said Day at private Sale: Good Security will be taken for Part.—Also to be Sold by the Subscriber, about 45 Acres adjoining the Premises, at private Sale, containing good Interval and Pasture. MARSON EATON,

Killingley, February 15, 1770.

FOUR Months farther being allowed, by the Honorable Judge of Probate to the Creditors of the Estate of *Hezekiah Leavitt*, late of *Hingham*, Merchant, deceased, represented Insolvent, to give in their Claims and prove their Debts: Notice is hereby given to them that the Commissioners will attend to receive their Claims at the late Dwelling-House of the Deceased, in *Hingham*, on the second Monday of *March* and *April*, and the first and third Monday of *May* next, from Two to Eight o'Clock in the Afternoon; and those who neglect to give in their Claims before the Expiration of the said four Months will be excluded.

Hingham, February 2d, 1770.

Sein Twine.

The right sort of three-threaded
Sein Twine
AND
Choice New RAISINS,
To be Sold by
Thomas Walley,

At his Store on Dock-Square.

Also a few Casks of good Rice, several Hogsheads of the BEST JAMAICA SUGARS, cheap for Cash.
A Quantity of the very best *French* INDIGO,
Choice Green COFFEE, by the Hogshead or Hundred,
The excellent NEW-ENGLAND Flour of Mustard (so much-admired by all who have tried it) by the Bottle or Pound, with large Allowance to those that buy to sell again.
Dutch Glasses of various Sizes, Spectacles, Dutch Brushes,
BEST RUSSIA DUCK,—Rosin by the Barrel,
Hampers of Stone Ware, containing Quart, Pint Mugs and Chamber Pots. And

All Sorts of Groceries as usual.

A Quantity of Choice FLAX to be sold at said Place.
N. B. Cash given for BEES-WAX at said Store.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That a valuable Tract of Land lying partly in *Bowdoinham*, and near to *Kennebeck*-River, in the County of *Lincoln*, is now settling; and there still remain about Twenty Lots to be disposed of to Setlers.

The said Lots are very commodiously laid out, and contain 150 Acres each; which on easy Conditions of Settlement will be given away to good Setlers, that shall be well recommended for their Honesty and Industry.

Persons of such a Character inclining to become Setlers may apply to *Abraham Prebble*, Esq; in *Bowdoinham*, or to Mr. *John Read* in *Boston*, who will give them further Information.

To be Sold at the House of Capt. Whiting, Innholder in Littleton, in the County of Middlesex, at Public Vendue, on Friday the 30th March Current, at Noon, (if not sold before at private Sale) A FARM in said Littleton, called Peacock Farm, containing 150 or 160 Acres more or less of exceeding good Land: bounded partly on Stow and Acton and on Fort Pond, with a Dwelling-House and a good Orchard thereon.—If it will not suit the Purchasers to pay the Money on the Sale, good Security on Interest will be taken therefor. Enquire of the Widow Mary Prescot, in Littleton, or of Edes & Gill.

To be Sold at the House of Mr. Winslow, Innholder in Petersham, in the County of Worcester, at Public Vendue, on Wednesday the 23d of May next, at Noon, if not sold before at private Sale, a Tract of Land in said Petersham, containing more than 700 Acres, most of it choice Land and well timbered: with two Houses and the Remains of a Saw-Mill & Grist-Mill thereon: about two Miles from the Rev. Mr. Whitney's Meeting-House in said Town, and formerly the Estate of Jonathan Prescott, Esq; deceased.—Thro' said Land runs the County Road, and also a River (a constant Stream) extremely commodious for Mills. The said Land may be conveniently divided into several Farms, as may suit the Purchasers, who (if it be inconvenient to pay the Money on the Sale) may have a reasonable Time to pay the same, giving good Security on Interest. Enquire of Edes & Gill.

To be Sold on the Premisses, or at the Tavern nearest the same, at Public Vendue, on Wednesday the 28th Day of March Instant (if not sold before at private Sale) a good FARM in Newtown, containing about Sixty Acres, with a Dwelling-House, Barn, and Orchard thereon; about ten Miles from Boston: bounded on Land belonging to *Henry Sewall*, Esq; *Samuel Kilton* and *Ebenezer Bartlet*, and lying on the County Road leading from the lower Falls in said Newtown to Watertown: being the Farm whereon Mr. Alexander Shepard lives.—If the Purchaser should not incline to pay the Money immediately, good Security therefor on Interest will answer. Enquire of Edes & Gill.

To be Sold by public Vendue on the 28th Day of March next, at the House of Mr. Joshua Wyman, Innholder in Woburn, in the County of Middlesex, at One o' Clock in the Afternoon of said Day, by Order obtained from the Superior Court of Judicature, holden at Cambridge, on the last Tuesday of October, Anno Domini, 1764.

THE Corn-Mill and Fulling-Mill, with a Dwelling House and about 10 or 20 Acres of Land adjoining, scituate on the great Road from Billerica, Andover, &c. to Medford, about one Mile and half South of the Meeting-House, in the first Parish in Woburn aforesaid, about eight Miles and half from Charlestown Ferry; which Mills are generally well supply'd with Water thro' the Year; and now in good Repair. All which were Part of the Real Estate of William Belknap, late of Woburn, aforesaid, Gentleman, deceased.—All who are disposed to attend and purchase, shall be handsomely treated by Samuel Belknap of Woburn aforesaid, Administrator, of whom every one dispos'd, may at any Time enquire for further Particulars. SAM. BELKNAP, Administrator.

Woburn, 22d February, 1770.

C A S H

TO be given for POTASH, damaged POTASH, or BLACK SALTS, by NATHANIEL SARTELL PRENTICE, at Grafton.

To be sold by PUBLIC VENDUE,
On TUESDAY the 3d Day of *April* next,
At 12 o'Clock, A. M.

A Dwelling-House and Land, in

good Repair, in Queen-Street, Boston, opposite the new Court-House, well situated for Business, belonging to the Estate of Mr. *Samuel Kneeland*, late of *Boston*, Printer, deceased. Also to be sold at the same Time and Place, a Right of Land in the Town of *Ashburnham*, in the County of *Worcester*, belonging to said Estate.

Boston, March 5, 1770.

A BELL-Foundery

Lately Erected, by AARON HOBART of Abington,
(By an Air Furnace,)

WHERE BELLS are cast of any Size, suitable for Churches, equal to, and cheaper than, can be imported. Inquire of JOSEPH WEBB, of Boston, or the said HOBART.

TO BE SOLD BY
George Spriggs,
Gardener to JOHN HANCOCK, *Esq;*

A Large Assortment of English Fruit Trees grafted and innoculated of the best and richest Kind of Cherry Trees, Pear Trees, Plumb Trees, Peach Trees, Apricots, Nectarines, Quinces, Lime Trees, Apple Trees grafted and ungrafted, and sundry Mulberry Trees which will be fit to transplant the next Year, and Medleys. Likewise several Sorts of flowering Shrubs, Bulbus Roots and Bushes, Asparagus Roots of one and two Years Growth, which will be sold at a reasonable Price, and sundry other Sorts not mentioned here.

Imported in Capt. Paddock from London, and to be sold
By Abigail Davidson,

About the Middle of Seven-Star Lane, BOSTON,

EARLY Golden Hotspur, early Charlton, Dwarf Marrowfat, and dwarf Sugar, with some other Sorts of Pease; broad Winsor, broad white Pole, dwarf yellow and dwarf speckled Beans, with a general Assortment of Garden Seeds.—Also, a large Collection of the best Sorts of young grafted and innoculated English Fruit Trees, as, Cherries, Pears, Peaches, Plumbs, Apricots, Nectarines, Apples, Quinces, Lime Trees, English Elm Trees, &c. Grape Vines of all Sorts, red and white Dutch Currant Bushes, English Gooseberry Bushes of all Sorts, Asparagus Plants of the large early Sorts, Box for Edging of Walks. Also all Sorts of Plants in their Season, as Cabbage and Colliflower, Savoy, Cellery, Endive, Marjoram, Thyme, Savory, Baum, Rue, Sives, Sage, Mint, Sorrel. Also, Garlick and Horse Radish, all Sorts of dried Sweet Herbs, all at the very lowest Prices, by Wholesale or Retail, for Cash.

Mathematical Instruments.
William Williams
Mathematical Instrument Maker,

Has to sell at his Shop in King-Street, two Doors East of the Sign of Admiral Vernon, near the Head of the Long-Wharf, BOSTON.

A Large Assortment of Hadley's and Davis's Quadrants, hanging and standing Compasses, in Brass and Wood! Gauging and Surveying Instruments, Cases of Instruments, large and small Perspective Glasses, in Ivory, Wood and Fish-skin, plotting Scales and Protractors, Gunter Scales and Dividers, Surveyors Chains, Artificial Magnets with Cases, Sand Glasses from 2 Hours to ¼ Minute, Instruments of a new Construction to measure Boards, Quarter Waggoners, Atkinson's Epitome, Willson's ditto, Pattron's Navigation, Seamans Assistants, Callenders, Mariners Compasses rectified, Young Man's Companion, Journal Books, Ink-Powder, Quills & Paper, an Assortment of Brass Pocket Compasses with & without Cards, Box Rules, Slates and Pencils, Penknives, Jack knives, &c.

All Sorts of Mathematical Instruments are made and repaired by the above William Williams. Those who will favour him with their Custom, may depend upon being well used, and have their Work done with Fidelity and Dispatch.

RAN-AWAY *from his Master* John Langdon, *the 20th of this Instant February, an* Indented Servant Lad *of 14 Years of Age, named* EBENEZER BLANCHER. *He had on when he went away, a Frock and Trousers, over a dark striped Homespun Jacket and Breeches, a striped cotton and linnen Shirt, Shoes almost worn out, a Pair Brass figured Buckles, this Country make. He is a smart ready Boy, and will tell a good plausible Story. Whoever will take him up and bring him to his Master, shall be rewarded for his Trouble.*

All Masters of Vessels and others, are warned against carrying off, concealing or entertaining the said Boy, as they would avoid the utmost Penalty of the Law, in that case made and provided.

Best Sperma Ceti Candles,
Warranted Pure,

MADE AND SOLD by JOHN LANGDON in *Fleet-Street*, above HANCOCK's *Wharf*, near the *Old North Meeting House*. He also sells the *best Refin'd Sperma Ceti Oil* by the Barrel. Best *Tallow Candles* mould and dipp'd, and Bayberry Wax Candles. ALL *as low as they can be had at any Place in Town.*

Boston. Printed by EDES & GILL, *in Queen-Street.* 1770.